WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A DNA segment comprising an isolated MTAP gene.

- The DNA segment of claim 1, comprising an isolated human MTAP gene.
- 3. The DNA segment of claim 1, comprising an *MTAP* gene that encodes an MTAP protein or peptide that includes a contiguous amino acid sequence from SEQ ID NO:2.
- 4. The DNA segment of claim 1, comprising an MTAP gene that includes a contiguous nucleic acid sequence from between position 122 and position 970 of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 5. The DNA segment of claim 1, comprising an MTAP gene that encodes an MTAP peptide of from about 15 to about 150 amino acids in length.
- 6. The DNA segment of claim 1, comprising an MTAP gene that encodes an MTAP protein of about 283 amino acids in length.

An isolated nucleic acid segment characterized as:

- (a) a nucleic acid segment comprising a sequence region that consists of at least 14 contiguous nucleotides that have the same sequence as, or are complementary to, 14 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:1; or
 - a nucleic acid segment of from 14 to about 10,000 nucleotides in length that hybridizes to the nucleic acid segment of SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement thereof, under standard hybridization conditions.
- 8. The nucleic acid segment of claim 7, wherein the segment comprises a sequence region of at least 14 contiguous nucleotides from SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement thereof.
- 9. The nucleic acid segment of claim 7, wherein the segment hybridizes to the nucleic acid segment of SEQ ID NO:1, or the complement thereof.
- 10. The nucleic acid segment of claim 7, wherein the segment comprises a sequence region of at least about 20 nucleotides; or wherein the segment is about 20 nucleotides in length.
- 11. The nucleic acid segment of claim 7, wherein the segment is up to 10,000 basepairs in length.
- 12. The nucleic acid segment of claim 11, wherein the segment is up to 5,000 basepairs in length.

- 13. A recombinant host cell comprising a DNA segment that comprises an isolated MTAP gene.
- I'4. A method of using a DNA segment that includes an isolated MTAP gene, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) preparing a recombinant vector in which an MTAP-encoding DNA segment is positioned under the control of a promoter;
 - (b) introducing said recombinant vector into a recombinant host cell;
 - (c) culturing the recombinant host cell under conditions effective to allow expression of an encoded MTAP protein or peptide; and
 - (d) collecting said expressed MTAP protein or peptide.
- 15. A method for detecting an MTAP gene, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining sample nucleic acids suspected of containing an MTAP gene;
 - (b) contacting said sample nucleic acids with an isolated *MTAP* nucleic acid segment under conditions effective to allow hybridization of substantially complementary nucleic acids; and
 - (c) detecting the hybridized complementary nucleic acids thus formed.
- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the sample nucleic acids contacted are located within a cell.
- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein the sample nucleic acids are separated from a cell prior to contact.

- 18. The method of claim 15, wherein the sample nucleic acids are DNA.
- 19. The method of claim\15, wherein the sample nucleic acids are RNA.
- 20. The method of claim 15, wherein the isolated MTAP nucleic acid segment comprises a detectable label and the hybridized complementary nucleic acids are detected by detecting said label.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the nucleic acid segment comprises a radio-, enzymatic or fluorescent label.
- 22. A nucleic acid detection kit comprising, in suitable container means, an isolated MTAP nucleic acid segment and a detection reagent.
 - 23. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 22, further comprising a restriction enzyme.
 - 24. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 22, comprising two MTAP nucleic acid segments of between about 14 and about 40 nucleotides in length.

- 25. The nucleic acid detection kit of claim 22, wherein the detection reagent is a detectable label that is linked to said MTAP nucleic acid segment.
- 26. A purified antibody that binds to a MTAP protein or peptide.
- 27. The antibody of claim 26, wherein the antibody is linked to a detectable label.
- 28. The antibody of claim 27, wherein the antibody is linked to a radioactive label, a fluorogenic label, a nuclear magnetic spin resonance label, biotin or an enzyme that generates a colored product upon contact with a chromogenic substrate.
- 29. A method for detecting MTAP peptide in a biological sample, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining a biological sample suspected of containing MTAP peptide;
 - (b) contacting said sample with a first antibody that binds to an MTAP protein or peptide, under conditions effective to allow the formation of immune complexes; and
 - (c) detecting the immune complexes so formed.
- 30. An immunodetection kit comprising, in suitable container means, an MTAP protein or peptide, or a first antibody that binds to an MTAP protein or peptide, and an immunodetection reagent.

- 31. The immunodetection kit of claim 30, wherein the immunodetection reagent is a detectable label that is linked to said protein, peptide or said first antibody.
- 32. The immunodetection kit of claim 30, wherein the immunodetection reagent is a detectable label that is linked to a second antibody that has binding affinity for said protein, peptide/or/said/first antibody.
- 33. The immunodetection kit of claim 31, wherein the immunodetection reagent is a detectable label that is linked to a second antibody that has binding affinity for a human antibody.
- 34. A tumor repressor gene that maps to 9p21-p22 that promotes melanoma senescence.
- 35. A tumor repressor gene that maps to 9p21-p22 that suppresses glioma cell tumor generation.
- 36. An isolated DNA segment identified as T98G.
- 37. A method of distinguishing a tumor type comprising determining the pattern of 9p homozygous deletions and associating the pattern with a pattern obtained from a tumor sought to be identified.

38. The method of claim 37, wherein the tumor type is identified as a leukemia, glioma, melanoma, brain cancer, lung cancer, pancreatic cancer, bladder cancer, or breast cancer.